



Rare earth and hydrogen energy storage

The traditional means of hydrogen storage cannot meet the widespread application of hydrogen energy. Therefore, developing new and efficient hydrogen storage materials and safe hydrogen storage technology is a ...

Hydrogen has the highest gravimetric energy density of any energy carrier -- with a lower heating value (LHV) of 120 MJ kg⁻¹ at 298 K versus 44 MJ kg⁻¹ for gasoline -- and produces only ...

The unique 4f orbitals and abundant electronic energy levels of rare earth elements enable effective doping and modification to enhance hydrogen storage performance, making it an increasingly prominent focus of research. The structures of neutral and cationic CeH_n^{0/+} (n = 2-20) clusters have been determined using the Crystal Structure AnaLYsis by ...

Alloys with both transition metals and rare earth (RE) metals (lanthanides and yttrium) are known to form hydrides with H/M > 2 but our results indicate that using an HEA ...

Efficient and safe storage of hydrogen is an important link in the process of hydrogen energy utilization. Hydrogen storage with hydrogen storage materials as the medium has the characteristics of high volumetric hydrogen storage density and good safety. Among many hydrogen storage materials, only rare earth-based

Storage of hydrogen in solid-state materials offers a safer and compacter way compared to compressed and liquid hydrogen. Vanadium (V)-based alloys attract wide attention, owing to the total hydrogen storage capacity of 3.8 wt% and reversible capacity above 2.0 wt% at ambient conditions, surpassing the AB₅-, AB₂- and AB-type hydrogen storage alloys. ...

In the practical applications of hydrogen energy, there are three important aspects including hydrogen production, storage and usage [3], [4]. Among them, hydrogen storage is the key challenge. In order to make the application of hydrogen energy possible, it is necessary to develop a safe and efficient hydrogen storage technique.

At present, solid-state hydrogen storage materials are usually referred to metals, including light metals, transition metals and rare earth metals. Figure 2a summarizes the hydrogen densities of various metal hydrides and alkanes for comparison in terms of energy densities [23,24,25].].

Rare earth element Y was alloyed with ZrFe₂. A single C15 Laves phase is obtained after annealing at 1473 K. o The Y alloying increases the capacity and decreases the dissociation pressure. o Zr_{0.83}Y_{0.17}Fe₂ shows the best ...

Many new hydrogen storage properties either from the kinetics or thermodynamics aspects have been reported. In this review, recent advances of studies on ...



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Hydrogen storage technology is critical for hydrogen energy applications because it bridges the gap between hydrogen production and consumption. The AB₅ hydrogen storage alloy, composed of rare earth elements, boasts favorable attributes such as facile activation, cost-effectiveness, minimal hysteresis, and rapid rates of hydrogen absorption and desorption.

3 • Solid-state storage, particularly using carbon-based materials, has garnered significant research interest due to its potential to overcome some of the limitations of compression and ...

In recent years, the research on the proportion of hydrogen storage alloys is mainly divided into AB₅ type rare earth system, AB₃ type and A₂B₇ type rare earth-magnesium-nickel system, AB₂ type Laves phase, AB type Ti system, V-based solid solution

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We schematically illustrated the function of RE elements in five energy storage devices and standard redox potentials against normal hydrogen electrode (NHE) of all RE elements in Fig. 1. RE elements are used in various ways in the advanced energy storage ...

Rare earth-Mg-Ni-based (R-Mg-Ni-based) hydrogen storage alloys with superlattice structures possess high capacity, good electrochemical properties, moderate hydrogen equilibrium pressure and environment-friendliness, making them the attractive alloys for

Recent findings have highlighted that replacing magnesium with rare earth elements (RE), transition metals (TM), or a combination can effectively reduce the stability of MgH₂ while improving its kinetic properties. Alloying Mg with TM reduces the strength of the Mg-H bond via the interaction of hydrogen electrons and unsaturated d-shell electrons, which has a ...

Magnesium-based alloys attract significant interest as cost-efficient hydrogen storage materials allowing the combination of high gravimetric storage capacity of hydrogen with fast rates of hydrogen uptake and release ...

A DFT investigation of mechanical and electronic properties for ten rare-earth hydrides has been performed. Elastic and mechanical properties for some dihydrides are studied. The paper explores results connected with a new approach based on data mining. LaH₂, CeH₂, NdH₂ and PrH₂ are very promising compounds for possible applications in ...

Effect of rare earth doping on the hydrogen storage performance of Ti_{1.02}Cr_{1.1}Mn_{0.3}Fe_{0.6} alloy for hybrid hydrogen storage application J Alloys Compd, 731 (2018), pp. 524 - 530 View PDF View article View in Scopus Google Scholar



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AB 5-type rare-earth nickel (RE-Ni) based hydrogen storage alloys and AB 3-type La-Mg-Ni based hydrogen storage alloys were prepared by vacuum medium-frequency induction melting in argon atmosphere dustrial offgas was simulated by the mixed gas ...

1 Introduction The study of hydrogen interaction with metal atoms has been the core theme for diverse research disciplines, such as finding new materials for hydrogen storage, 1-3 hydrogen evolution catalysis, 4,5 corrosion control, 6-8 chemical synthesis, 9,10 hydrogen-induced cracking, 11 etc. Hydrogen is a ubiquitous element in the universe and the simplest gas but ...

1. Introduction Ni-H batteries provide the basis for a new class of secondary batteries with large energy capacity. The LaNi₅ hydrogen storage alloys (in most cases mish-metals are used instead of pure La because of the economical reason), have recently made a significant impact on the battery industry, largely due to their high hydrogen solubility and ...

Hence, we propose that HEAs can be used as a new class of alloy for hydrogen storage that does not involve any rare-earth metals. Additional Information How to cite this article : Sahlberg, M. et al .

The alkaline treatments of rare earth-magnesium-nickel based hydrogen storage alloy with lithium hydroxide (LiOH) aqueous solutions of various concentrations (1 M, 2 M, 4 M, 5 M, and 6 M) were investigated. The morphology and composition of the alloy surface ...

Development of new materials with high hydrogen storage capacity and reversible hydrogen sorption performances under mild conditions has very high value in both fundamental and application aspects. In the past years, some new systems with metastable structures, such as ultra-fine nanocrystalline alloys, amorphous alloys, nanoglass alloys, ...

Co-alloying with rare-earth (RE) elements and transition metal (TM) elements in Mg alloys, the generation of long-period stacking-ordered (LPSO) phase is regularly achieved [21,22,23,24], and the stable REH_x nano-phases induced by in-situ decomposition of REH₂,,

3 · Rare-earth-metal-based materials have emerged as frontrunners in the quest for high-performance hydrogen storage solutions, offering a paradigm shift in clean energy technologies. This comprehensive review delves into the cutting-edge advancements, challenges, and future ...

This chapter discusses about metal hydride technologies for on-board reversible hydrogen storage applications. ... Zr, hafnium, (Hf)) and/or rare earth series (elements 57-71). The B-elements can be a variety of transition or nontransition metals with somewhat of ...

Rare earth (RE) metals have many unique properties, such as photic, electric, magnetic, and hydrogen storage properties, due to the unique unpaired 4f and 5f electrons structure and their rich energy levels structrue, which have been extensively investigated for their ...



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Fine particles of a hydrogen storage alloy (LaNi_{3.8}Co_{0.5}Mn_{0.4}Al_{0.3}) were microencapsulated with a thin film of nickel of about 0.6 mm thickness. The microencapsulated alloy powders were used as an anode material in a sealed nickel/metal hydride battery.

This study provides detailed insight into the effects of adding an intermetallic LaNi₅ and rare earth elements La and Ce on the hydrogen storage properties of cast TiFe alloy. To preserve the composite nature of the materials, the addition was done by short-duration ...

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