



# Lithium battery with interface

With the growing applications of portable electronics, electric vehicles, and smart grids, lithium (Li)-based metal batteries, including Li-ion batteries [], Li-S batteries [], and Li-air batteries [], have been rapidly developed in recent years. To increase the mileage of applications, such as electric vehicles, power Li batteries must possess high energy densities.

Lithium battery chemistry is based on electrochemical reactions at the electrolyte/electrode interface involving the combination of charge transport between anodic ...

The development of high-rate lithium-ion batteries is required for automobile applications. To this end, internal resistances must be reduced, among which Li<sup>+</sup> transfer resistance at electrode/electrolyte interfaces is known to be the largest. Hence, it is of urgent significance to understand the mechanism and kinetics of the interfacial Li<sup>+</sup> transfer. This ...

A lithium-ion or Li-ion battery is a type of rechargeable battery that uses the reversible intercalation of Li<sup>+</sup> ions into electronically conducting solids to store energy. ... 0.7 V vs. lithium, and forms a dense and stable interface. [137] ...

Li<sub>1.3</sub>Al<sub>0.3</sub>Ti<sub>1.7</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (LATP) is one of the most attractive solid-state electrolytes (SSEs) for application in all-solid-state lithium batteries (ASSLBs) due to its advantages of high ionic conductivity, air stability and low cost. However, the poor interfacial contact and slow Li-ion migration have greatly limited its practical application. Herein, a composite ion-conducting layer ...

In all-solid-state lithium batteries, the interface between the anode and the electrolyte suffers from two main physical instability problems: thermal instability and mechanical instability. Most inorganic solid-state electrolytes are made by high temperature sintering and are generally thermally stable, while organic solid-state electrolytes ...

Interface Issues and Challenges in All-Solid-State Batteries: Lithium, Sodium, and Beyond. Shuaifeng Lou, ... Specific attention is paid to interface physics (contact and wettability) and interface chemistry (passivation layer, ionic transport, dendrite growth), as well as the strategies to address the above concerns. The purpose here is to ...

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) characterization of the surface of electrode after stable charge and discharge cycling shows the successful formation of Li<sub>3</sub>N and LiF at the interface between the lithium sheet and the electrolyte, which are regarded as stabilizing species for the interface [49], enabling long cycling performance of the ...

By creating a narrow and anion-rich d region, we enable stable cycling of high-voltage lithium batteries using the well-designed (3,3,3-Trifluoropropyl) trimethoxysilane (TFTMS) electrolyte. ... (Figure S21) at the



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lithium-electrolyte interface for the 1.5 M LiFSI/TFTMS electrolyte also reveal the breakdown of the anion FSI ...

Before the debut of lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) in the commodity market, solid-state lithium metal batteries (SSLMBs) were considered promising high-energy electrochemical energy storage systems ...

Xu, R. C. et al. Interface engineering of sulfide electrolytes for all-solid-state lithium batteries. Nano Energy 53, 958-966 (2018). Article CAS Google Scholar

The single-particle electrodes have a capacity of ~6 nAh (that is, ~1 billionth of a typical high capacity cellphone battery), and were tested against a lithium metal counter electrode with about ...

Among them, loss of active material (LAM) due to either particle cracks, mechanical delamination and/or loss of electrical conductivity, lithium loss inventory (LLI) due to continuous parasitic reactions at interface or lithium irreversibility upon (de)lithiation, Ohmic impedance raise (ORI) due to the growth of resistive SEI/CEI, electrolyte ...

Sulfide electrolyte-based all-solid-state lithium batteries (ASSLB) are heralded as a cornerstone for next-generation energy storage solutions, distinguished by their exceptional ionic conductivity, superior energy density, and enhanced safety features. ... The passivation layer is a crucial part of the interface. It prevents non-lithium ...

This review highlights the latest research advancements on the solid-solid interface between lithium metal (the next-generation anode) and current collectors (typically ...

a Schematic of the fabrication process for SF@G. The synthesized SF@G features a two-dimensional covalently bound component interface, enabling stable and fast electron ( $e^-$ ) and lithium-ion (Li ...

All-solid-state batteries (ASSBs) based on inorganic solid electrolytes promise improved safety, higher energy density, longer cycle life, and lower cost than conventional Li-ion batteries. However, their practical application is hampered by the high resistance arising at the solid-solid electrode-electrolyte interface. Although the exact mechanism of this interface ...

Interface chemistry is essential for highly reversible lithium-metal batteries. Here the authors investigate amide-based electrolyte that lead to desirable interface species, resulting in dense Li ...

Mastering battery interfaces is at the heart of the development of the next generation of Li-ion batteries. However, novel tools and approaches are urgently needed to uncover their complexity and dyn...

Interfaces within batteries, such as the widely studied solid electrolyte interface (SEI), profoundly influence battery performance. Among these interfaces, the solid-solid interface between electrode materials and current



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collectors is crucial to battery performance but has received less discussion and attention. This review highlights the latest research ...

All-solid-state batteries (ASSBs) have attracted enormous attention as one of the critical future technologies for safe and high energy batteries. With the emergence of several highly conductive solid electrolytes in recent years, the bottleneck is no longer Li-ion diffusion within the electrolyte. Instead, many ASSBs are limited by their low Coulombic efficiency, poor ...

5 &#0183; The stability of electrolyte in Lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) is strongly influenced by its internal molecular structure, which can be affected by the electronegativity of electron groups. ... Dynamic shielding of electrified interface enables high-voltage lithium batteries. Chem, 10 (2024), pp. 1196-1212. View PDF View article View in Scopus ...

This overview highlights the advantages and limitations of SOTA lithium battery systems, aiming to encourage researchers to carry forward and strengthen the research towards advanced lithium ion batteries, tailored for specific applications. ... The "interface" is a two-dimensional surface, while the "interphase" is a thin, but three ...

A solid electrolyte interface (SEI) forms upon initial charging of a liquid-electrolyte lithium-ion battery. SEI stability plays a prominent role for battery lifetime, but probing the intricate ...

The Mg<sub>16</sub>Bi<sub>84</sub> anode interlayer and F-rich cathode interlayer provide a general solution for all-solid-state lithium-metal batteries to achieve high energy and fast charging ...

In lithium-ion batteries, the electrochemical instability of the electrolyte and its ensuing reactive decomposition proceeds at the anode surface within the Helmholtz double layer resulting in a buildup of the reductive products, forming ...

Electrochemical nature of the cathode interface for a solid-state lithium-ion battery: interface between LiCoO<sub>2</sub> and garnet-Li<sub>7</sub>La<sub>3</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>12</sub>. Chem. Mater. (2016) R. Koerver et al. ... Compared to the lithium-ion batteries using organic liquid electrolytes, all-solid-state lithium batteries (ASLBs) have the advantages of improved safety and higher ...

Anode. Lithium metal is the lightest metal and possesses a high specific capacity (3.86 Ah g<sup>-1</sup>) and an extremely low electrode potential (-3.04 V vs. standard hydrogen electrode), rendering ...

Understanding reactions at the electrode/electrolyte interface (EEI) is essential to developing strategies to enhance cycle life and safety of lithium batteries. Despite research in the past four decades, there is still limited understanding by what means different components are formed at the EEI and how they influence EEI layer properties. We review findings used to establish the ...



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Lithium-ion battery (LIB) is the most popular electrochemical device ever invented in the history of mankind. It is also the first-ever battery that operates on dual-intercalation ...

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Lithium battery chemistry is based on electrochemical reactions at the electrolyte/electrode interface involving the combination of charge transport between anodic and cathodic active materials through the electrolyte (the single Li-ion conductor) and external circuits (the single electron conductor) in which to ensure the complete reaction of ...

The development of reliable computational methods for novel battery materials has become essential due to the recently intensified research efforts on more sustainable energy storage materials.

Then, solid-state lithium batteries are divided into divided into the sandwich structure, powder composite structure, and 3D integrated structure, according to the key structural characteristics; the physical interface characteristics and optimization strategies of different battery structures are further analyzed in detail, and the advantages ...

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